

Data sheet

Pressure switch

RT



RT Pressure switches incorporate a pressure controlled, single-pole change over swich where the contact position depends on the pressure in the connection port and the set value.

The RT series consists of pressure switches, differential pressure switches and pressure switches for neutral zone regulation, all for general use within the industrial and marine segments. The series also covers safety pressure switches dedicated for steam boiler plants.

For installations in which operation is particularly critical from safety and economic points of view, the use of fail-safe pressure switches is recommended.

The use of gold-plated contacts is also recommended in such installations, provided operation involves only a few switching cycles or signal currents and voltages.

Features

- · Simple design
- High accuracy
- · High repeatability

- · Long operation life time
- · Available with all major marine approvals



Approvals

RT1	RT1A/RT5A/RT121	RT 1AL	RT5	RT 30AW / RT 30AB / RT 30AS / RT 19W / RT 19B / RT 19S	RT31W/RT31B/RT31S/ RT32W/RT32B	RT 33B / RT 35W / RT 112W	RT 110	RT 112	RT 113	RT 116 / RT 117 / RT 200	RT 117L/RT 200L	RT 260A / RT 262A / RT 265A / RT 260AL / RT 262AL / RT 263AL / RT 266AL	Approvals
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	CE marked acc. to EN 60947-4/-5
				•	•	•							VD Tüv, Germany
							•	•	•	•			Det Norske Veritas, DNV
			•				•	•		•			Lloyds Register of Shipping, LR
•			•	•			•	•		•			Germanischer Lloyd, GL
			•				•	•	•	•			Bureau Veritas, BV
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Registro Italiano Navale, RINA
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Russian Maritime Register of shipping, RMRS
•	•		•				•	•	•	•			Nippon Kaiji Kyokai, NKK
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	China Compulsory Certificate, CCC

Note:

in addition we refer to the certificates, the copies of which can be ordered from Danfoss

All RT are:

- CE marked in accordance with EN 60947-4/-5 for sale in Europe
- Further, the RT 19, RT 30, RT 35, RT 112 W, RT 33, RT 31 and RT 32 series is CE markd in accordance with PED 97/23/EC, category IV, safety equipment.

Overview/Survey

0	5	10	15	20	25	30 [bar]	Range p _e [bar]	Туре
							-1 - 0	RT 121
							0 - 0.3	RT 113
							0.1 – 1.1	RT 112
				6.			0.2 - 3	RT 110
				Stand	dard pressure switches		-0.8 - 5	RT 1 / RT 1A
							0.2 – 6	RT 200
							1 – 10	RT 116
							4 – 17	RT 5 / RT 5A
							10 – 30	RT 117
							-0.1 - 1.1	RT 112
				Pressure	switches for steam pla	ant	0 – 2.5	RT 33B / RT 35W
				aı	oproved by Vd TÜV		1 – 10	RT 30AW / RT 30AB / RT 30AS
							2 – 10	RT 31W / RT 31B / RT 31S
							5 – 25	RT 19W / RT 19B / RT 19S
							5 – 25	RT 32W / RT 32B
							-0.8 - 5	RT 1 AL
				Pressu	ire switches with adjus	stable	0.2 – 3	RT 110L
]	neutral zone		0.2 – 6	RT 200L
							4 – 17	RT 5AL
							10 – 30	RT 117L
		$\Delta p = 0.0 - 0.9$	bar	Dif	ferential pressure switc	thes	-1 - 6	RT 266AL
		$\Delta p = 0.1 - 1.0$	bar				-1 - 6	RT 263AL
		$\Delta p = 0.1 - 1.5$	bar				-1 - 9	RT 262AL / RT 262A
		$\Delta p = 0.5 - 4.0$	bar				-1 - 18	RT 260AL / RT 260A
		$\Delta p = 0.5 - 6.0$					-1 – 36	RT 260A
		$\Delta p = 1.0 - 6.0$	bar				-1 – 36	RT 265A



Technical data and code nos.

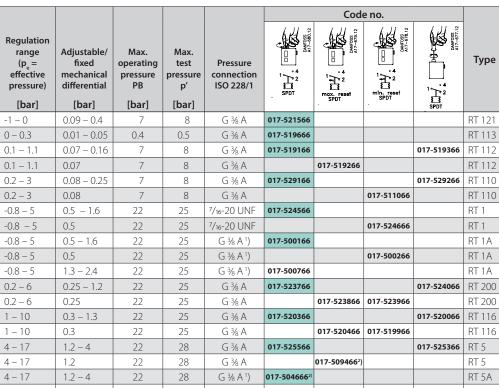
When ordering, please state type and code number.

The type designation for the letters below means:

A: Unit suitable for the medium ammonia

L: Unit with neutral zone





G 3/8 A 1) 017-504766²) RT 5A 4 - 171.2 28 42 47 G 3/8 A 1) 017-529666 RT 117 10 - 301 - 4017-529566

Pressure switches with adjustable neutral zone

Regulation range p _e [bar]	Mechanical differential [bar]	Adjustable neutral zone [bar]	Max. operating pressure, PB [bar]	Max. test pressure p' [bar]	Pressure connection	Code no.	Туре
-0.8 – 5	0.2	0.2 – 0.9	22	25	G 3/8 A 1)	017L003366	RT 1AL
0.2 – 3	0.08	0.08 - 0.2	7	8	G 3% A	017L001566	RT 110L
0.2 – 6	0.25	0.25 - 0.7	22	25	G 3% A	017L003266	RT 200L
4 – 17	0.35	0.35 - 1.4	22	25	G 3/4 A 1)	017L004066	RT 5AL
10 – 30	1	1 – 3.0	42	47	G 3% A	017L004266	RT 117L

¹⁾ Supplied with ø6 / ø10 mm weld nipple

Differential pressure switches

Dillerential	pressure swi	itties						
Regulation range (Δp)	Mechanical differential [bar]	Adjustable neutral zone [bar]	Operation range [bar]	Max. operating pressure, PB [bar]	Max. test pressure p' [bar]	Pressure connection ISO 228/1	Code no.	Туре
0 - 0.9	0.05	0.05 – 0.23	-1 – 6	7	8	G 3/4 A 1)	017D008166	RT 266AL
0.1 – 1.0	0.05	0.05 - 0.23	-1 - 6	7	8	G 3/4 A 1)	017D004566	RT 263AL
0.1 – 1.5	0.1	0.1 – 0.33	-1 – 9	11	13	G 3/4 A 1)	017D004366	RT 262AL
0.1 – 1.5	0.1		-1 – 9	11	13	G 3% A 1)	017D002566	RT 262A
0 - 0.3	0.035		-1 - 10	11	13	G ¾ A ¹)	017D002766 ²)	RT 262A
0.5 – 4	0.3	0.3 – 0.9	-1 – 18	22	25	G ¾ A ¹)	017D004866	RT 260AL
0.5 – 4	0.3		-1 – 18	22	25	G ¾ A ¹)	017D002166	RT 260A
0.5 – 6	0.5		-1 – 36	42	47	G ¾ A ¹)	017D002366	RT 260A
1.5 –11	0.5		-1 – 31	42	47	G ¾ A ¹)	017D002466	RT 260A
1 – 6	0.5		-1 – 36	42	47	G 3/8 A 1)	017D007266 ³)	RT 265A

¹⁾ Supplied with ø6 / ø10 mm nipple. / 2) Non-snap action contacts (see spare parts and accessories, contact system 017-018166)



RT 113 for manual setting; cover with windows



RT 116 for tamper proof; cap and blank cover



RT 262 A Differential pressure switch

Preferred versions

 $^{^{1}}$) Supplied with ø6 / ø10 mm weld nipple. / 2) With seal cap

³⁾ With SPST and SPDT contact system for alarm and cut off function at 0.8 and 1 bar



Technical data and ordering

The designation letters mean:

A: Units suitable for the medium ammonia.

W: Units for control purposes.

B: Safety units with external reset

S: Safety units with internal reset

Pressure switches for steam plant, PED approved acc. to EN 12953-9 and EN 12922-11

						Code no.		
Regulation range (pe = effective pressure [bar]	Adjustable/ fixed mechanical	Max. operating pressure PB [bar]	Max. test pressure p' [bar]	Pressure connection ISO 228/1	STIESE-ZAY SSDAWD 1 2 SPDT	Separation of the separation o	SSUJAMO CONTROL CONTRO	Туре

For rising pressure

0.1 – 1.1	0.07	7	8	G 1/2 A	017-528266		RT 112W
0 – 2.5	0.1	7	8	G 1/2 A	017-528066		RT 35W
1 – 10	0.8	22	25	G 1/2 A	017-518766		RT 30AW
1 – 10	0.4	22	25	G 1/2 A		017-518866	RT 30AB
1 – 10	0.4	22	25	G 1/2 A		017-518966	RT 30AS
5 – 25	1.2	42	47	G 1/2 A	017-518166		RT 19W
5 – 25	1	42	47	G 1/2 A		017-518266	RT 19B
5 – 25	1	42	47	G 1/2 A		017-518366	RT 19S

For falling pressure

	0 – 2.5	0.1	7	8	G ½ A		017-526266	RT 33B
Ī	2 – 10	0.3 – 1	22	25	G ½ A	017-526766		RT 31W
Ī	2 – 10	0.3	22	25	G ½ A		017-526866	RT 31B
	2 – 10	0.3	22	25	G ½ A		017-526966	RT 31S
	5 – 25	0.8 – 3	42	47	G 1/2 A	017-524766		RT 32W
	5 – 25	0.4	42	47	G 1/2 A		017-524866	RT 32B

Pressure switches for low pressure steam plant (pressure monitoring)- not PED approved

	0.1 – 1.1	0.07 – 0.16	7	7	G ½ A	017-518466			RT 112	
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Preferred versions

Technical data

Designation	RT pressure switches
Ambient temperature	In general -50 − 70 °C ; Diaphragm version -10 − 70 °C VD TÜV approved -40 − 70 °C
Media temperature	In general -40 – 100 °C; Diaphragm version -10 – 90 °C; VD TÜV appr40 – 150 °C, see page 6 (Steam plant)
Contact system	Single-pole changeover switch (SPDT)
Contact load	Alternating current: AC-1: 10A, 400 V AC-3: 4A, 400 V AC-15: 3A, 400 V 0.48-0.5 0.4 0.49-0.5 0.40-
Contact material: AgCdO	Direct current: DC-13: 12 W, 230 V (see fig. 6) Direct current: DC-13: 12 W, 230 V 12W 12W 12W 12W 12W 12W 12W 12
Special contact system	See "accessories" page 15
Cable entry	2 PG 13.5 for 6 – 14 mm diameter cables
Enclosure	IP66 acc. to IEC 529 and EN 60529. Units supplied with external reset. IP54. The thermostat housing is made of bakelite acc. to DIN 53470 Cover is made of polyamide.



Materials in contact with the medium

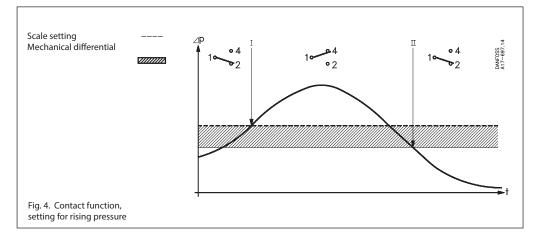
Material	Part	W .no.	DIN	RT 1	RT 1A	RT 5	RT 5A	RT 110	RT 112	RT 113	RT 116	RT 117	RT 121	RT 200 / RT 200L	RT 260A	RT 260A / RT 262AL	RT 260AL	RT 265A	RT 263AL / RT 266AL
Stainless steel 18/8	Bellows	1.4301	17440	х	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	х	х	х	x	x	x	x
Stainless steel 17/7	Spring	1.4568	17224	х						х		х	х	х					
Brass	Housing	2.0402	17660			х		х	х		х	х	х	х					
Brass	Bellows ring	2.0321	17660			х		х	х		х	х	х	х					
Free-cutting steel	Flare connection	1.0718	1651	х															
Deep-drawn steel (nick.plated surface)	Housing	1.0338	1623	х	х		х								х	х	х	х	х
Non-alli. carbon steel C 20	Weld connect. for connection	1.0402	1652		х		х								х	х	х	х	х
Aluminium	Gasket	3.0255	1712		x		х			x					x	х	x	х	x
Case hardening steel C 15	Weld connection Bellows connect.	1.0401	1652																
Stainless steel	Spring guide + screw	1.4305	17440																
NBR rubber	Diaphragm									х									
Deep-drawn steel (surface DIN 50961 weld connection Fe/Zn 5C)	Diaphragm housing with welded connector	1.0338	1623							х									
Spring thread	Spring	1.1250	17223		x														

${\it Materials in contact with the medium, PED approved switches}$

Material	Part	W .no.	DIN	RT 19W / RT 19B / RT 19S	RT 30AW / RT 30AB / RT 30AS	RT31W/RT31B/ RT31S	RT 32WB	RT 33B / RT 35W	RT 112 W
Stainless steel 18/8	Bellows	1.4301	17440	x	x	x	x	x	х
Stainless steel 17/7	Orifice	1.4305	17440	х	х				
Steel C 15	Connector	1.0401	1652	х	х				
Deep-drawn steel + Ni	Bellows ring	1.0338	1623	х	х	х	х	х	х
Stainless steel 17/7	Bellows spring	1.4568	17224		х			х	
Stainless steel	Ring	1.4305	17440		х				
Deep-drawn steel + Ni	Housing	1.0338	1623	х	х	х	х	х	х
Stainless steel	Bellows connect.	1.4305	17440			х			
Stainless, weldable freecutting steel	Connector	1.4301	17440			х	х	х	x
Deep-drawn steel + Sn	Spring guide	1.0338	1623					х	
Brass	Housing	2.0402	17660						
Brass	Bellows ring	2.0321	17660						



Function

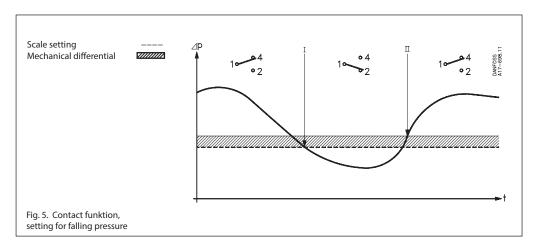


a. RT 19, RT 30, and pressure switches with max. reset

When the pressure exceeds the set range value, contacts 1-4 make and contact 1-2 brake. The contacts changeover to their initial position when the pressure falls to the range value minus the differential (see fig. 4).

- I.Alarm for rising pressure given at the set range value.
- II. Alarm for falling pressure given at the set range value minus the differential.

Units with max. reset can only be reset at a pressure corresponding to the set range value minus the differential, or a lower pressure.



b. All other RT pressure switches

When the pressure falls to the set range value, contacts 1-2 make and contacts 1-4 brake. The contacts changeover to their original position when the pressure again rises to the set range plus the differential (see fig. 5).

- I. Alarm for falling pressure given at the set range value.
- II. Alarm for rising pressure given at the set range value plus the differential.

Units with min. reset can only be reset at a pressure corresponding to the set range value plus the differential.



Function

(continuation)

Example 1

An extra cooling water pump must start if the cooling water pressure falls below 6 bar, and must stop when the pressure exceeds 7 bar.

Choose an RT 116 with a range of 1 - 10 bar and an adjustable differential of 0.2 - 1.3 bar.

The start pressure of 6 bar must be set on the range scale. The differential must be set as the difference between the stop pressure (7 bar) and the start pressure (6 bar) = 1 bar. According to fig. 3, the differential setting disc must be set on 8.

Example 2

The burner on a steam boiler must cut out when the pressure exceeds 17 bar. Automatic restart must not occur.

Choose an RT 19B with external reset. If extra safety is demanded, an RT 19S with internal max. reset can be used.

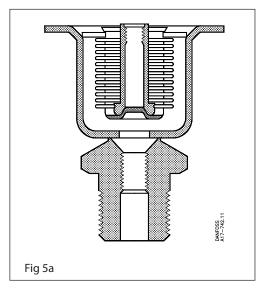
The range is 5 – 25 bar and the differential is fixed at approx. 1 bar. The range scale must be set at 17 bar. After cut-out of the burner, manual reset is possible only when the pressure had fallen to the setting of 17 bar minus the differential: in this case, 16 bar and below.

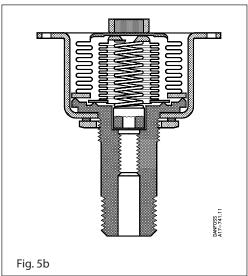
Example 3

The min. permissible lubricating oil pressure for a gear is 3 bar. Reset must not be possible until the reason for oil pressure failure has been investigated. Choose an RT 200 with min. reset.

The range value must be set while reading the range scale. Manual reset is possible only when the pressure has reached 3.2 bar (the differential is fixed at 0.2 bar or higher).

Functional description of RT units with fail-safe design





Fail-safe function for falling pressure

Fig. 5a shows a cross-section of a bellows element for the RT 32W with fail-safe function for falling pressure. On rising pressure the contact arm is actuated to break the connection between terminals 1 and 2.

On falling pressure the contact arm is actuated to break the connection between terminals 1 and 4. If a defect occurs in the bellows the setting spring actuates the contact arm to break the connection between terminals 1 and 4, as in the case of falling pressure. This will occur irrespective of the pressure on the bellows.

Fail-safe function for rising pressure

Fig. 5b shows a cross-section through a bellows element for the RT 30W with fail-safe for rising pressure. On rising pressure the contact arm is actuated to break the connection between terminals 1 and 2.

If a defect occurs in the inner bellows the pressure is led to the outer bellows. The outer bellows has an area three times as large as the inner bellows. The connection between terminals 1 and 2 becomes broken.

If a defect occurs in the outer bellows, there will be atmospheric pressure in the gap between the two bellows. This actuates the contact system to break the connection between terminals 1 and 2. The important factor with the double bellows design is the vacuum between the two bellows, and that in case of bellows break, no media will leak into the environment.



Pressure switches for liquid level control RT 113 The RT 113 pressure switch can be used to control the liquid level in open tanks. Fig. 6 shows in principle, four different types of installation.

1. With air bell (see "Accessories")

For control purpose, the air bell should be installed 20-40 mm below the lowest liquid level. In addition, the tube between the RT 113 and the air bell must be absolutely airtight. If only an indication is required, the bell can be placed 100 mm below the max. level. The RT 113 must be set at 0 cm wg and the differential disc on 1.

2. Connection to the side of the tank with the RT 113 above the liquid level

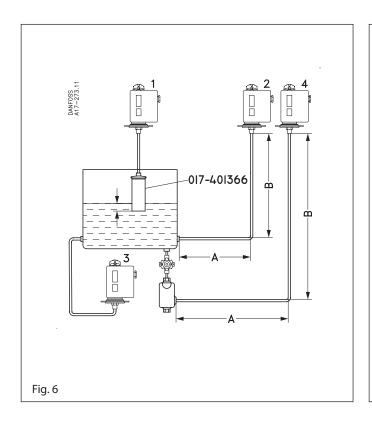
The horizontal tube A must have a certain length in relation to the vertical tube B in order to ensure reliable control. The length of A can be found from fig. 7, using B and the range setting pressure C.

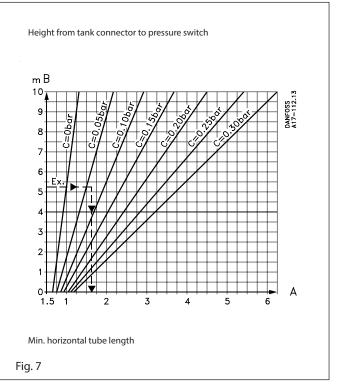
3. Connection to the side of the tank with the RT 113 below the liquid level

Where possible, this form of connection should be used. If an air-absorbing liquid like oil is involved, it is preferable to 1 and 2. The resulting range setting is the distance from the liquid surface to the centre of the diaphragm housing.

4. Connection in the tank with the RT 113 above the liquid level

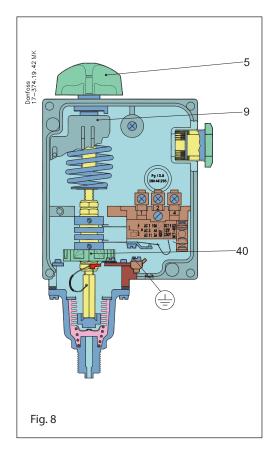
This method is for use with air-absorbing liquids where connection type 3 is not possible. The shortest horizontal tube length is determined as described in 2. A shut-off valve is installed between the oil tank and water reservoir shown so that impurities can be drained from the water reservoir through a bottom drain plug. Fresh water can then be poured into the reservoir through a filling connector in its top.







Application



Floating control

A form of discontinuous control where the correcting element (e.g. valve, damper, or similar) moves towards one extreme position at a rate independent of the magnitude of the error when the error exceeds a definit positive value, and towards the opposite extreme position when the error exceeds a definite negative value.

RT-L pressure switches are fitted with a switch with an adjustable neutral zone. This enables the

The terminology involved is explained below.

units to be used for floating control.

Hunting

Periodic variations of the controlled variable from the fixed reference.

Neutral zone

The interval in the controlled variable in which the correcting element does not respond (see fig. 13)

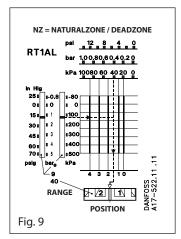
The contact system in neutral zone units cannot be exchanged, as the contact system adjustment is adjusted to the other parts of the unit.

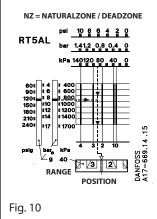
- 5. Setting knob
- 9. Range scale
- 40. Neutral zone disc

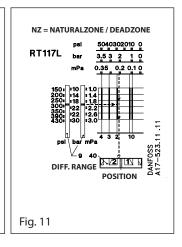
Setting of neutral zone

The range is set using the setting knob (5) fig. 8 while reading the range scale (9). The pressure set is the break pressure for contacts 1-4 (see fig. 13).

The required neutral zone can be found in the diagram for the unit concerned. The position at which the neutral zone disc (40) must be set can be read from the lower scale in the diagram. The function can be seen in fig. 13.

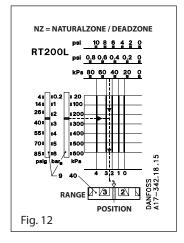


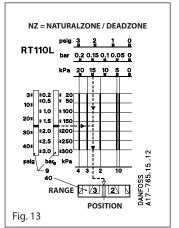


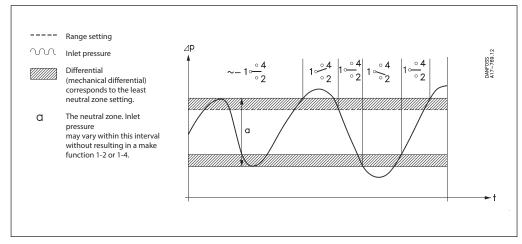


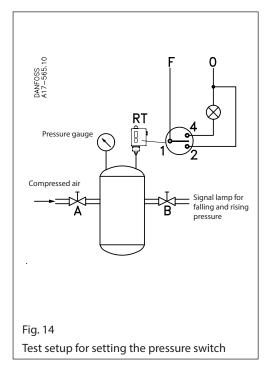


Setting of neutral zone









Example

Together with a VLT® static frequency converter, RT 200L neutral zone pressure switches can be used for the infinite control of a pump in, for example, a pressure boosting plant.

In this case, the pump must be up and downregulated at 32 m and 25 m wg.

The RT 200L must be set using the setting knob (5) fig. 8 page 9 at 3.5 bar (35 m wg) minus the fixed differential of 0.2 bar.

The range setting is 3.5 - 0.2 = 3.3 bar.

The neutral zone, 35 - 32 = 3 m wg, corresponding to 0.3 bar, must be set on the neutral zone disc (40) fig. 8 page 9. According to the diagram fig. 12 the disc setting is 1 or just over. A more accurate setting can be obtained by using the test setup shown in fig. 14.

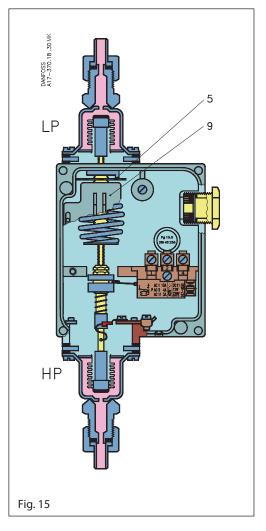


Application

Control and monitoring of pressure differentials
A differential pressure switch is a pressure
controlled switch that cuts in and cuts out the
current dependent on the pressure differential
between the counteracting bellows

elements and the set scale value. This unit is also available with an adjustable neutral zone (like the RT-L which is described on page 9.

Setting



The setting disc (5) becomes accessible when the front cover is removed. The differential pressure is set by turning the disc with a screwdriver while reading the scale (9).

For differential pressure switches with a changeover contact system, the contact differential is given as the differential pressure switches have a fixed differential. In units with an adjustable neutral zone, the neutral zone disc must also be set. See diagram in fig. 16.

- 5. Setting disc
- 9. Range scale

Note

When installing, the low pressure connection (LP) must always be upwards

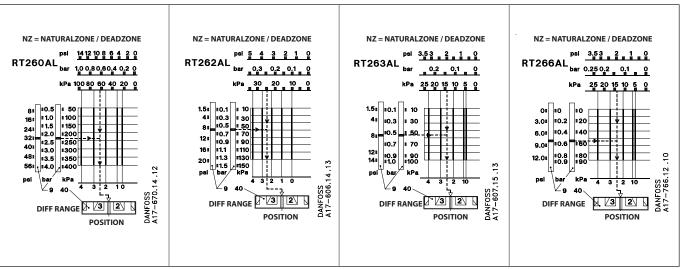
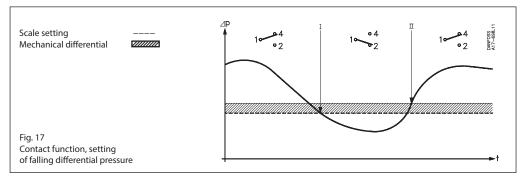


Fig. 16



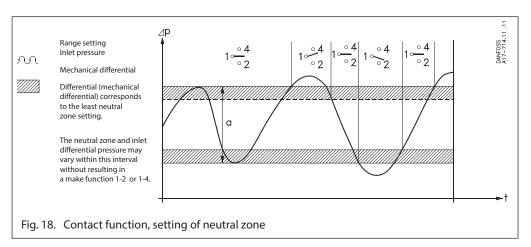
Function



a. Units with changeover switch (SPDT)

If the differential pressure falls below the set value, contacts 1-e2 make and contacts 1-4 break. Contacts 1-2 break again and contacts 1-4 make when the differential pressure has risen to the set range value plus the fixed contact differential.

- I. Contacts make when differential pressure falls below the range scale setting.
- II. Contacts make when pressure rises above the range scale setting plus the fixed mechanical differential.



b. Units with adjustable neutral zone (SPDTNP)

If the differential pressure rises above the set value plus the differential, contacts 1-4 make. If the pressure falls by the amount of the differential (which is fixed in this unit), contacts 1-4 break. If the pressure falls to the neutral zone minus the differential, contacts 1-2 make. When the differential pressure rises again by an amount corresponding to the differential, contacts 1-2 break again.

The contact function can be summed up as follows:

- I. Setting disc set for falling differential pressure.
- II. Neutral zone disc set for rising differential pressure.

Example 1

When the differential pressure exceeds 1.3 bar, a filter needs cleaning. The static pressure over the filter is 10 bar.

According to the ordering table on page 4, the choice is an RT 260A (the RT 262A has a max. operating pressure on the low pressure side (LP) of 6 bar and is therefore not suitable for this application).

Setting: Since a signal is required for rising differential pressure, the setting becomes 1.3 - 0.3 bar = 1.0 bar.

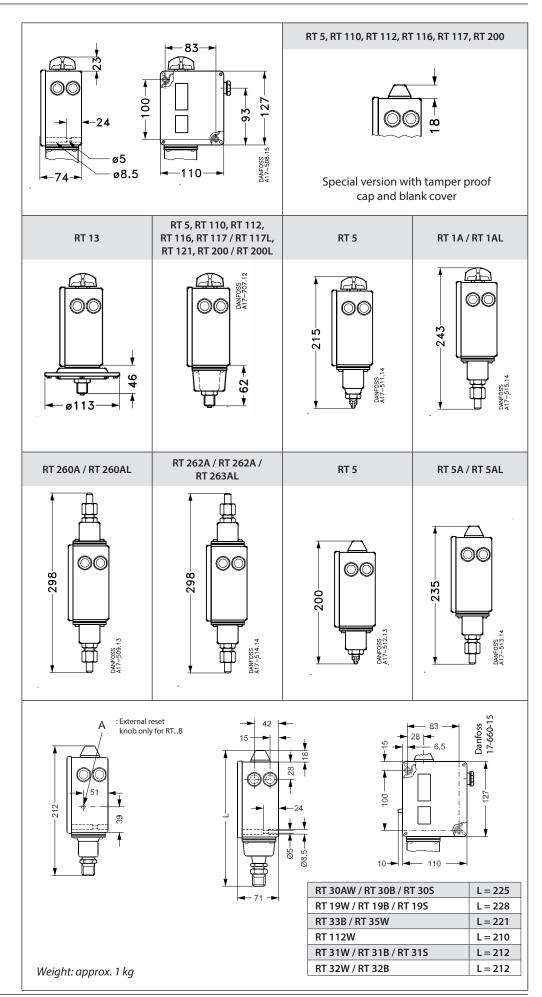
Example 2

The speed of a circulation pump must be controlled to give a constant differential pressure of 10 m wg in a heating plant. The static plant pressure is 4 bar. The choice is an RT 262AL.

The differential disc (5) fig. 15 page 13, must be set at 1 bar (10 m wg) minus the fixed differential of 0.1 bar, i.e. 0.9 bar. The neutral zone disc is factory-set (marked in red).



Dimensions [mm] and weights [kg]





Spare parts and accessories

Version	Symbol	Description	Contact rating	Code no.
Standard	1 2	Single-pole changeover switch (SPDT) with terminal board proof against leakate current Fitted in all standard versions of type RT 1). Snap action changeover contacts.	Alternating current: AC-1 (ohmic): 10 A, 400 V	017-403066
With max. reset	1 2	For manual reset of unit after contact changeover on rising pressure For units with max. reset.	AC-3 (inductive): 4 A, 400 V AC-14/15 (coil/transformer): 3 A, 400 V Blocked rotor: 28 A, 400 V	017-404266
With min. reset	1 • 4 2	For manual reset of units after contact changeover on falling pressure. For units with min. reset.	DC 13/14: 12 W, 230 V	017-404166
Standard	1 2	Single-pole changeover switch (SPDT) with gold plated (oxide-free) contact surfaces. Increases cut-in reliability on alarm and monitoring systems, etc. Snap action changeover contacts. Terminal board proof against leakage current.	Alternating current AC-1 (ohmic): 10 A, 400 V AC-3 (inductive): 2 A, 400 V AC-14/15 1 A, 400 V Blocked rotor: 14 A, 400 V Direct current: DC-13/14: 12 W, 230 V	017-424066
Cuts in two circuits simultaneously	1 4 2	Single-pole changeover switch that cuts in two circuits simultaneously on rising pressure. Snap action changeover contacts. Terminal board proof against leakage current.	Alternating current: AC-1(ohmic): 10 A, 400 V AC-3 (inductive): 3 A, 400 V AC-14/15 2 A, 400 V Blocked rotor: 20 A, 400 V Direct current: DC-13/14: 12 W, 230 V * If current is led through contacts 2 and 4, i.e. terminals 2 and 4 connected but not 1, max. permissible load is increased to 90 W, 220 V	017-403466
With non-snap action changeover contacts	1 4	Single-pole changeover with non-snap action changeover gold plated (oxide-free) contacts.	Alternating or direct current: 25 VA, 24 V	017-018166

¹)At load types with low currents/voltages contact failure may occure on the silver contacts because of oxidation. In systems where such a contact failure is of great importance (alarm etc.), gold plated contacts are recommended.

Contact systems for neutral zone units are not available as spare parts. Exchange not possible, as the contact system adjustment is adjusted to the other parts of the unit.

The switch contacts are shown in the position they assume on falling pressure/temperature, i.e. after downward movement of the RT main spindle. The setting pointer of the control shows the scale value at which contact changeover occurs on falling pressure/temperature. An exception is switch no. **017-403066** with max. reset where the setting pointer shows the scale value at which contact changeover occurs on rising pressure.

Switches

Version	Symbol	Description	Contact rating	Code no.
With min. manual reset	1 • 4 2 § §	For manual reset of unit after contact changeover on falling pressure. Gold plated (oxide-free) contact surfaces	For Alarm application Alternating current: 10 A, 400 V AC-1 (ohmic): 2 A, 400 V AC-3 (inductive): 2 A, 400 V Full load current: 2 A, 400 V AC-14/15: 1 A, 400 V	017-404766
With max. reset	1 2	For manual reset of unit after contact ochangeover on rising pressure. Gold plated (oxide-free) contact surfaces	Blocked rotor: 14A, 400 V Direct current DC-13/14: 12W, 230 V For control application max. 100 mA / 30 V CA / CC mini. 1 mA / 5 V CA / CC	017-404866



Part		Description	Qty	Code no.
Cover		Covers: Polyamide With window Colour: Pale grey RAL 7035 Without window	5 5	017-436166 017-436266
Setting knob		Replacement Pale grey Ral 7035	30	017-436366
Seal cap	8	Seal cap to replace setting knob so that Black Setting can only be altered with tools	20	017-436066
Seal screws for cover and seal cap			1+1	017-425166
Clamping band		For all RT pressure switches with damping c oil or other longer connections L= 392 mm	10	017-420466
Conncetor with nipple	0 000 00	Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G ¾ connector, nipple and AL washer (10 mm ext. 6.5 mm int. diam.) for welding or brazing on to steel or copper tubing	5	017-436866
Connector		7/16 - 20 UNF connector for ¼ copper tube, brass, span of jaws 16	10	011L1101
Reducer	()	Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G $\frac{1}{2}$ A \times G $\frac{3}{8}$, steel, span of jaws 22	1	017-421966
Adaptor	0	Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G $\% \times \%$ - 27 NPT with copper washer, brass, span of jaws 22	1	060-333466
Adaptor	@) 0	Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G $\frac{1}{2}$ A \times $\frac{1}{4}$ - 18 NPT with copper washer, brass, span of jaws 22	1	060-333566
Adaptor	0 0	Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G $\frac{3}{8}$ × $\frac{1}{4}$ - 18 NPT with copper washer, brass, span of jaws 22	1	060-333666
Adaptor		Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G ¾ A - G ¼ A, brass, span of jaws 17	1	060-324066
Adaptor		Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G 3 /s A \times R3/8 (ISO 7/1) brass, span of jaws 17	1	060-324166
Damping coil	0.50 m 1.00 m 1.50 m 2.00 m	Damping coil with 7/16 - 20 UNF connectors. Reducer code no. 017-420566 is necessary if the damping coil is to be used with RT units having a pipe thread ISO 228/1, G ¾ connection. Damping coils with several lengths of capillary tubes are available. Please contact Danfoss.	1	060-019066 060-019166 060-019266 060-019366
Damping coil		Pipe thread ISO 228/1, damping coils with G ¾ connector and 1.5 m copper capillary tube. Standard washers are supplied.	1	060-104766
Armoured damping coil		Pipe thread ISO 228/1, damping coil with G ½ connector and 1 m copper capillary tube. Standard washers are supplied.	1	060-333366
Air bell for liquid level control RT 113		Air bell, 62 mm diam. ext. × 204 mm length. Pipe thread ISO 228/1, G % connector and nipple (10 mm o.d/ 6.5 mm i.d.) for welding or brazing on to steel or copper tubing. The air bell is of brass CuZn 37, W.no. 2.0321.	1	017-401366



Installation

RT units have two mounting holes which become accessible when the front cover is removed. Units fitted with switch 017-018166*) must be installed with the setting knob upwards. When installing differential pressure switches, the low pressure side (marked LP) must be installed upwards.

The other pressure switches in the RT series can be installed in any position, expect that on plant subjected to severe vibrations it is advantageous to have the screwed cable entry downwards.

Pressure connection

When fitting or removing pressure lines, the spanner flats on the pressure connection should be used to apply counter-torque.

Steam plant

To protect the pressure element against temperature in excess to the maximum temperature of the medium 150 °C (RT 113 90 °C), the insertion of water-filled loop is recommended.

Water systems

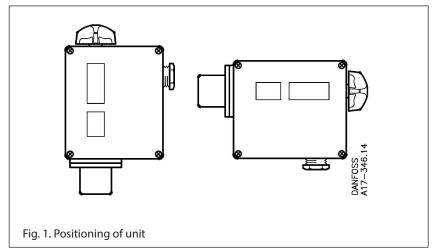
Water in the pressure element is not harmful, but if frost is likely to occur a water-filled pressure element may burst. To prevent this happening, the pressure control can be allowed to operate on an air cushion.

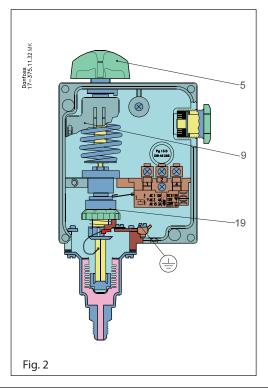
Media resistance

See table of materials in contact with the medium. If seawater is involved, diaphragm pressure switches types KPS 43, KPS 45 and KPS 47 are recommended.

Pulsations

The pressure switch must be connected in such a way that the pressure element is affected by pulsations as little as possible. A damping coil can be inserted (see "Accessories"). With strongly pulsating media, diaphragm pressure switches types KPS 43, KPS 45 and KPS 47 can be advantageous.





Setting

The range is set by using the setting knob (5) while at the same time reading the scale (9). Tools must be used to set pressure switches fitted with a seal cap.

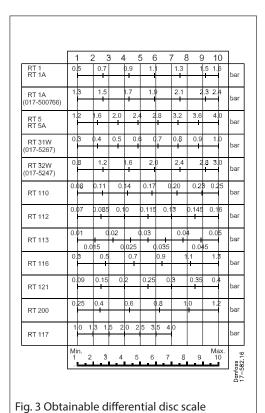
In units having a fixed differential, the difference between cut-in and cut-out pressures is of course determined. On units having an adjustable differential the front cover must be removed. The differential disc (19) must be set in accordance with the diaphragm.

- 5. Setting knob
- 9. Range scale
- 19. Differential setting disc

^{*)} Contact system with snap-action contact. See spare parts and accessories, page 13.



Installation



Selection of differential

To ensure that the plant functions properly, a suitable differential pressure is necessary. Too small a differential will give rise to short running periods with a risk of hunting. Too high a differential will result in large pressure oscillations.

Differential scale values are guiding.